

Candidates in First Administrative Board Primary



WM. H. ZIMMERMANN.



ROBERT WHITTET.



CHARLES F. TAYLOR.



CHARLES E. RICHARDS.



GEORGE PAUL.



CARLTON MCCARTHY.



JOHN W. MOORE.



WILLIAM P. KNOWLES.



GRAHAM B. HOBSON.



JOHN HIRSCHBERG.



MARK GUNST.



ELBEN C. FOLKES.



EDGAR H. FERGUSON.



JOHN F. DON LEAVY.

READY FOR WEEK OF CAMPAIGNING

Wilson Will Make Many Speeches and View Baby Parade.

CONGRESS DELAYS CAMPAIGN PLANS

Work in Washington Keeps Many of the Democratic Leaders Away From Battle for the Party—Marshall Will Be Notified of His Nomination To-Morrow.

COLONEL EXPECTS TWO-SIDED FIGHT

He No Longer Regards Taft as Important Factor.

IT IS ROOSEVELT AGAINST WILSON

Chuckles With Delight Over What Governor Had to Say About Progressive Party. Greatly Impressed by Great Crowds Which Have Greeted Him.

Seagirt, N. J., August 18.—Governor Woodrow Wilson returned to-night from his Sunday retreat, ready for a week of campaigning. To-morrow he will address the Platt-Deutscher Volkfest Verein, of Union Hill, N. J., at that place, and on Tuesday will speak at Trenton at the annual meeting of the Democratic League. Wednesday the Governor will attend the annual baby parade at Asbury Park. N. J. His engagements for the remainder of the week have not been announced, but it is likely that he will make at least two speeches.

Joseph E. Davies, national committeeman of Wisconsin, saw the Governor to-night for a short time. Mr. Davies leaves to-morrow for Chicago to open the Western headquarters of the party. Senator O'Gorman, of New York, was with Mr. Davies at Spring Lake early to-day.

"We want Governor Wilson to speak in the Middle West just as soon as possible," said Mr. Davies, after leaving the Governor's cottage. "Dates, however, have not yet been fixed."

Mr. Davies said he would stop at Indianapolis for the convenience of the day notifying Governor Marshall of his nomination to the vice-presidency and would have the Western headquarters in full swing before the end of the week. Immediately afterwards, he said, he would make a trip to the coast, visiting every State, conferring with national committeemen and State chairmen.

The prolongation of the present session of Congress beyond the calculations of the Wilson leaders is interfering somewhat with campaign plans. It was admitted here to-day that had been expected that Senators O'Gorman, Culberson and Gore, who are to take an active part in the campaign, would be free from congressional duties by this week at least. The campaign committee likewise is waiting for Representative Thomas B. Marshall, of Texas, to be officially notified that he is the choice of the Democratic party for Vice-President of the United States at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and the event is expected to bring one of the most notable gatherings of Democrats ever in Indianapolis. Weather permitting, the ceremonies will be held in the open.

Thomas Taggart, national committeeman of Indiana, will give a luncheon at his hotel for the distinguished visitors Tuesday noon, and this will be followed by a parade of the downtown.

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Oyster Bay, N. Y., August 18.—Delighted with his reception in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, Colonel Roosevelt returned to Oyster Bay to-day to remain at home until Wednesday, when he leaves for Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

"It was a surprise to me," said Colonel Roosevelt, in speaking of the size of the crowds and the manner in which they cheered him. "I was greatly impressed by my reception in Providence, and the meeting on the Boston Commons last night was even more remarkable."

Governor Wilson's speech at Seagirt yesterday, Colonel Roosevelt said, interested him, largely on account of what the Governor had to say about the Progressive party. The Colonel chuckled at the Governor's statement that it was disconcerting with the old parties which had led to the formation of the Progressive party, as well as "the feeling that men have come into blind alleys and come out often enough."

"Why, some one told me that I couldn't have defined the Progressive movement as well as that myself," exclaimed the Colonel. He thought he saw in Governor Wilson's speech the result of the stand which the Progressives had taken. The Colonel added that he wished to speak in only a kindly way of Governor Wilson. He made it plain, however, that he was prepared for a fight with no quarter.

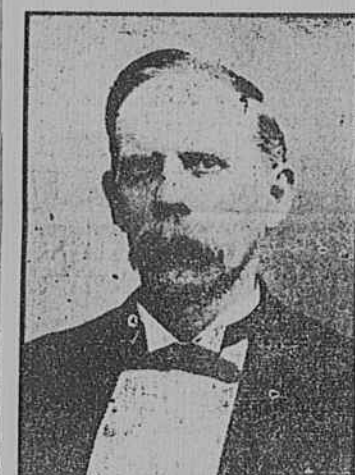
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High Temperatures for Week Predicted

Washington, August 18.—The coming week will be one of moderately high temperatures in the Southern States, general over the Middle West, according to a bulletin from the Weather Bureau.

In the Northern States and west of the Rocky Mountains, temperatures will be near or below the seasonal average.

"The precipitation during the week," the bulletin says, "will be light and local over the southern half of the country and generally above the normal in the Northern States. The next disturbance to cross the country will appear in the Northwest Tuesday, cross the Middle West about Thursday and the Southern States Friday or Saturday. There are no indications at the present time of a disturbance in the West Indies."



GEORGE B. DAVIS.



A. W. BENNETT.
Photographs by Foster.



HENRY P. BECK.

NEW SCHEME FOR CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Bank and Trust Companies Are Asked to Receive and Transmit Them.

ACT FOR ALL PARTIES

Letters Are Sent Out by McAdoo, of Democratic National Committee.

New York, August 18.—Banks and trust companies throughout the country are to be asked by the Democratic National Committee to receive and transmit to their proper source the campaign funds, not only of the Democratic, but the Republican and Progressive parties.

The plan is in pursuance of the committee's popular subscription idea. Acting Chairman McAdoo made it known to-day by giving out a statement embodying a letter, which he announced that he had sent to every bank and trust company in the United States, requesting them to agree to receive and transmit subscriptions to each of the three national parties. He accompanied his letter to the banks with a letter from Governor Woodrow Wilson, who declared that "to bring about the election of a President through a campaign financed by popular subscription would be a distinct and gratifying triumph."

In his letter, Mr. McAdoo expressed the idea that the popular subscription movement was directly in the line of freeing presidential campaigns "from the suspicion of sinister influences," and declared that the Democratic party favored the "financing of presidential campaigns by the people themselves."

He urged the need of convenient and responsible agencies for the receipt of subscriptions and asked the banks and trust companies to perform "the same patriotic service" that the newspapers already had undertaken.

"Will you agree to receive and transmit subscriptions to the Democratic National Committee, the Republican National Committee, and the Progressive National Committee?" the letter continued.

"Speaking for the Democratic National Committee, I would not ask you to not for one unless for all. This

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CITY NEARS MOST VITAL ELECTION

Will Choose Five Men on September 10 to Handle Its Business Affairs.

CITIZENS ARE ORGANIZED

Voters Are Lined Up for Contest on Every Conceivable Basis.

Three weeks from to-morrow, on Tuesday, September 10, the qualified voters of Richmond will select from the seventeen candidates whose faces appear above the five men who will compose the first Administrative Board of Richmond. To the men so selected will be entrusted the business affairs of the municipality, the improvement of streets and parks, the management of the gas, water and electric works, care of public buildings, almshouses, markets and cemeteries, awarding of contracts, employment of labor, selection of officials and supervision of public work. All of the business hitherto transacted by Council committees will be transferred to the new board, which will have the spending of approximately \$2,000,000 from annual revenues in addition to the considerable sums spent in public improvements which are provided by bond issues.

Ejects City Officials.

The board will elect the City Engineer, the Building Inspector, the Superintendents of the Gas, Water and Electric Works and be responsible for their ability and faithfulness. It will fix the pay of all labor employed by the city and may consolidate or abolish any office it is empowered to fill. Its only limitation is the lump sum of appropriation provided by the annual budget.

Seventeen candidates entered the race and deposited the entrance fees which secure the placing of their names on the ballots in the Democratic primary. All save one either now hold or have held in the past public office, and all are well known men, more or less familiar with the affairs of the city.

Up to this time the campaign has been waged without undue personal-

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VETO FEAR HANGS OVER CONGRESS

With Taft's Approval of Bills, Adjournment Would Come Soon.

DECKS ARE WELL CLEARED

Believed in Any Event Business Can Be Concluded This Week.

Washington, August 18.—Important legislation that must be acted on before Congress adjourns stands to-day as follows:

The Panama Canal bill, before the President.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, approved by the House and now before the Senate, with the provision abolishing the Commerce Court.

The naval sundry bill and army appropriation bill, in conference between the two houses.

The general deficiency appropriation bill before the Senate Committee on Appropriation.

Indian appropriation bill, conference report pending in the Senate.

While adjournment is expected this week, the date is generally conceded to depend upon the President's attitude toward the Panama Canal bill and the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

His veto of the latter measure last week was based upon its provisions for the abolishment of the Commerce Court and the establishment of a seven years' tenure in the civil service; and the House has again risked the veto by passing the measure with the Commerce Court provision in it. The Senate will determine early in the week whether it will endorse the measure in this form.

Leaders of both houses are confident that the remaining work on the overdue appropriation bills could be disposed of in three days, were the contingencies of the presidential veto removed. The President has made it clear to members of both houses that he does not favor the free toll provision of the Panama Canal bill; but he has not yet asserted a purpose to veto that measure.

Thus far Congress has not succeeded

TAFT IS INCLINED TO APPROVE BILL

But He Wants Provision for Test by Supreme Court.

DISCUSSES IT WITH CABINET

Administration Doubtful About Free Tolls for American Ships in Panama Canal, and Does Not Want to Be Regarded as Abrogating Treaty With England.

Washington, August 18.—Over the White House coffee cups President Taft and his Cabinet to-day discussed the Panama Canal bill and the question of a possible presidential veto of the measure. Every member of Mr. Taft's official family who was in town was present, and the discussion lasted for an hour after luncheon time, but no decision was reached. The President's inclination, it was said to-night, is to approve the bill; but he is anxious to have provision made for a legal test of the matter of free tolls for American ships. The cabinet was understood to agree with him that there is basis for believing that the bill with the free tolls clause in it is not in conformity with the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

When the conference was over, the President was still of the opinion that the best way to test the bill's agreement with the treaty was to have the United States Supreme Court pass upon it. He will confer with Senate and House leaders in the next few days and will devote most of his own time to pondering over this one bill.

Most of the Republican leaders in both Houses, and probably some of the leading Democrats, will be called into consultation, and the bill be gone over with care.

The President was told to-day that it is probably too late now to amend the bill, and that any action he may take must be in the form of a veto, unless he can get Republican and Democratic leaders to agree on a joint resolution to be passed later that would show that the United States had no intention in passing this measure of abrogating the existing treaty with Great Britain. Such a resolution would permit foreign steamship companies to test the act's validity under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty in the United States courts.

HIS SERVICES RECOGNIZED

Widow of Dr. McClintock May Be Given Two Years' Pay.

Washington, August 18.—In recognition of the quiet heroism of a physician whose life was sacrificed to the disease he had long fought, Senator Myers has introduced a bill to pay \$5,000, an amount equal to two years' pay, to the widow of Dr. T. R. McClintock, who died here last week of Rocky Mountain spotted fever.

Dr. McClintock was connected with the Public Health and Hospital Service, and so successful had been his work in fighting the deadly disease in the Pitter Root Valley in Senator Myers's State that not a case of the deadly disease developed there this year until the one which caused the doctor's death.

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STORY OF SCHEPPS MAY BE TOLD TO-DAY

Paymaster of Murder Gang to Meet District Attorney.

PRISONER NOW HELD IN ALBANY

Together With Whitman and Detectives, He Will Proceed to New York and to Prison. Plans of His Arrival in City Are Closely Guarded.

New York, August 18.—Sam Schepps, alleged paymaster of the gang which murdered Herman Rosenthal more than a month ago, is being held in Albany, N. Y., to-night until District Attorney Whitman can reach there from Manchester, Vt., where he spent the week-end. With Schepps are Assistant District Attorney Rubin, Attorney Bernard Sandler and Detectives Thomas and Stewart, who will guard him night and day until he is safely lodged in prison in New York, where he will be kept apart from Webber, Vallon and Rose until he has made his disclosures to the district attorney. In all probability, Schepps will be taken off the train early Monday morning and rushed into the city in an automobile, but the hour of his arrival is a secret.

Waldo Is Doomed.

Rhineland Waldo, protégé of Mayor Gaynor, who recently had a serious falling out with the city's chief executive, probably will be removed as head of New York's 13,000 police. It is reported that Joseph J. Johnson, who succeeded Waldo in the office of fire commissioner, also will succeed him as police commissioner. These changes will come about as a result of the exposure of the graft union between the police department and the underworld as laid bare by the Rosenthal murder.

Further and deeper exposures of the system will be made when Captain Cornelius G. Hayes, recently demoted from inspector of police, tells his story at his trial for insubordination which will be held probably this week. Hayes has made up his mind that he will be dismissed, and has determined to tell everything he knows, which is a great deal about the graft combination.

Pressure is being brought to bear on District Attorney Whitman and Supreme Court Justice Goff to undermine their determination to probe the ownership of places used as disorderly houses and gambling resorts.

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